

Example

$$H(s) = \frac{10 \cdot s}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{10}\right) \left(1 + \frac{s}{10000}\right)}$$

Draw the Bode plots  
(magnitude and phase).

Zero at:  $s=0$

Poles at:  $s=-10$ ,  $s=-10^4$

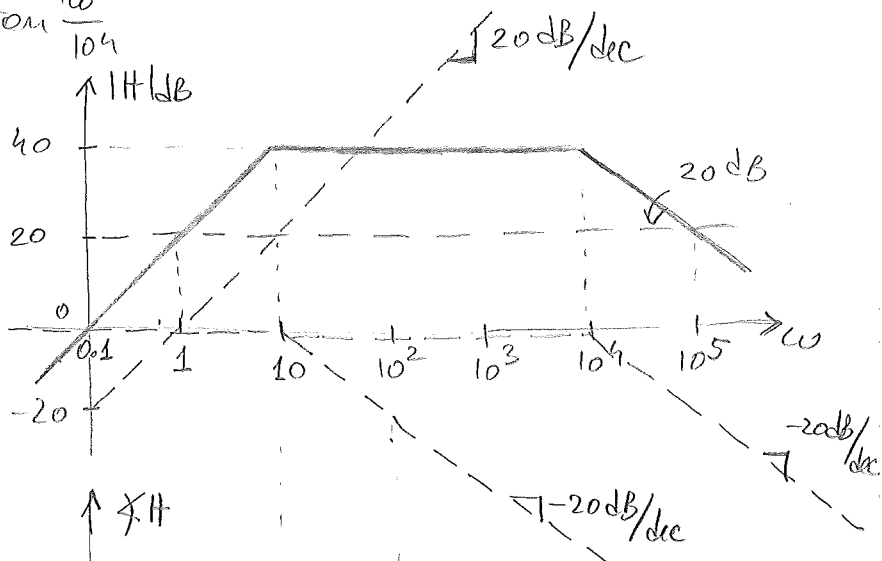
Let  $s=j\omega \Rightarrow H(j\omega) = 10 \cdot \frac{j\omega}{\left(1 + j\frac{\omega}{10}\right) \left(1 + j\frac{\omega}{10^4}\right)}$

$$|H(j\omega)|_{dB} = 20 \log(10) + 20 \log(\omega) - 20 \log \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\omega}{10}\right)^2} - 20 \log \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\omega}{10^4}\right)^2}$$

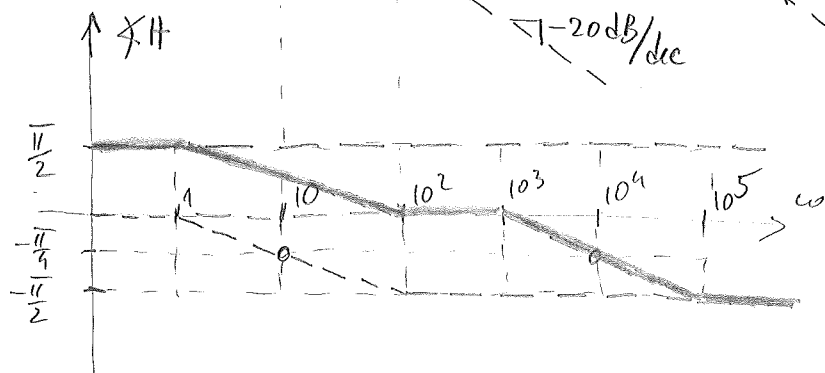
$$\angle H(j\omega) = \underbrace{\tan^{-1} \frac{0}{10}}_{=0} + \underbrace{\tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{0}}_{=90^\circ \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} - \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{10} - \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{10^4}$$

$$\angle H(j\omega) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{10} - \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega}{10^4}$$

Magnitude Bode plot



Phase Bode plot



Example

constant  $\swarrow$  simple real zero

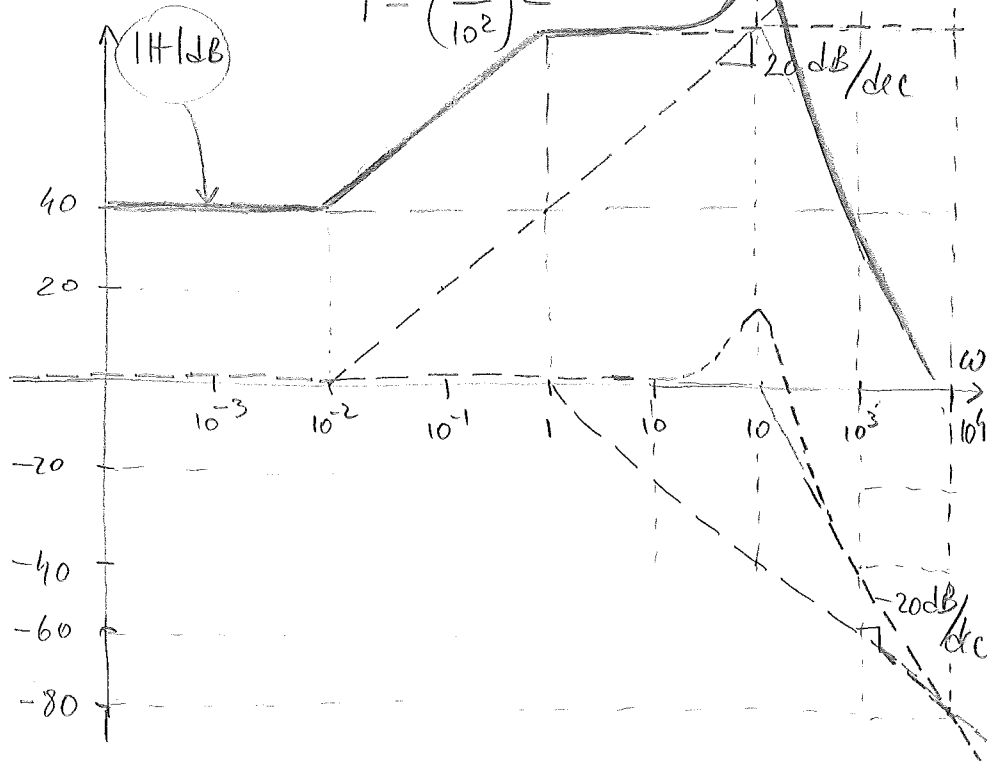
$$H(s) = \frac{100 \left(1 + \frac{s}{10^{-2}}\right)}{(1+s) \left[1 + 0.2 \cdot \frac{s}{10^2} + \left(\frac{s}{10^2}\right)^2\right]}$$

simple real pole

complex-conjugate poles pair

$$s \rightarrow j\omega \Rightarrow H(j\omega) = 100 \cdot \frac{\left(1 + j \frac{\omega}{10^{-2}}\right)}{(1 + j\omega) \left[1 - \left(\frac{\omega}{10^2}\right)^2 + j2(0.1)\left(\frac{\omega}{10^2}\right)\right]}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} |H(j\omega)|_{dB} = 40 + 20 \cdot \log \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\omega}{10^{-2}}\right)^2} - 20 \cdot \log \sqrt{1 + \omega^2} - 20 \cdot \log \sqrt{\left[1 - \left(\frac{\omega}{10^2}\right)^2\right]^2 + \left[2(0.1)\left(\frac{\omega}{10^2}\right)\right]^2} \\ \angle H(j\omega) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\omega}{10^{-2}}\right) - \tan^{-1}(\omega) - \tan^{-1} \frac{2 \cdot \frac{\omega}{10^2}}{1 - \left(\frac{\omega}{10^2}\right)^2} \end{cases}$$

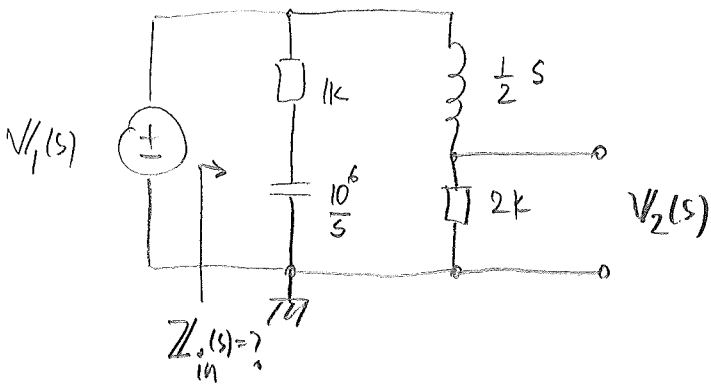


**Example**

(a)  $Z_{in}(s) = ?$

(b)  $H(s) = \frac{V_2(s)}{V_1(s)} = ?$

(c) Plot Bode diagrams of  $H(s)$



(a)  $Z_{in} = (1k + \frac{10^6}{s}) \parallel (\frac{1}{2}s + 2k) = \frac{(s+4k)(1000s+10^6)}{s^2 + 6 \times 10^3 s + 2 \times 10^6}$

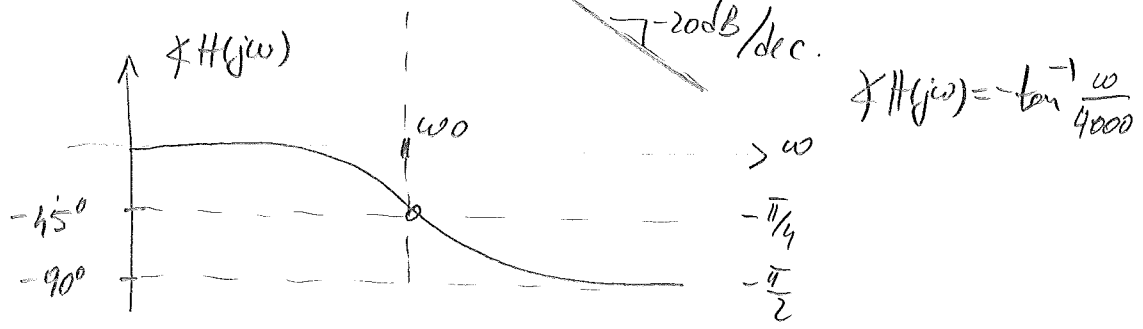
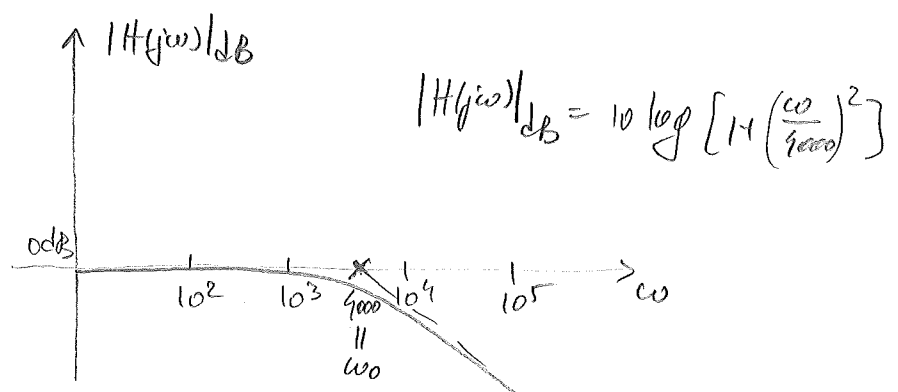
$Z_{in} = \frac{1000(s+4000)(s+1000)}{(s+354)(s+5646)} \Omega$

(b)  $V_2 = \frac{2000}{\frac{1}{2}s + 2000} \cdot V_1 \Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{V_2(s)}{V_1(s)} = \frac{4000}{s+4000}$

↑  
Simple pole at  $s = -4000$

(c)  $s \rightarrow j\omega$   
 $H(j\omega) = \frac{4000}{j\omega + 4000} = \frac{1}{1 + j \frac{\omega}{4000}}$

$\omega_0 = 4000$



Example

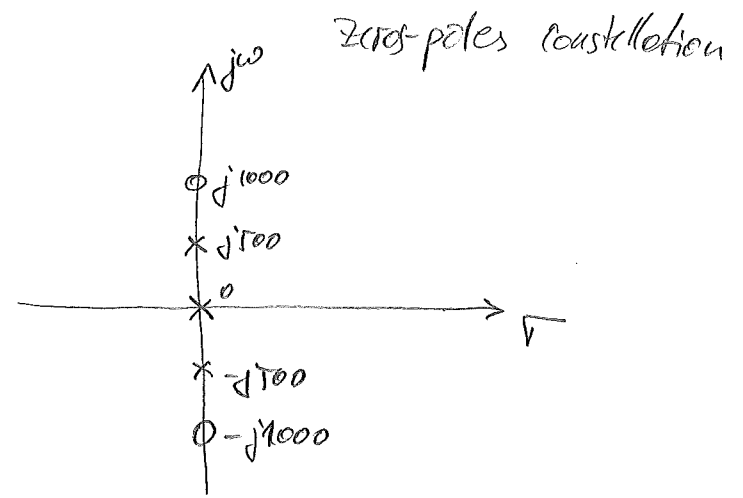
Find the poles and zeros of the Laplace transform of:

$$f(t) = [4 - 3\cos(500t)] \cdot u(t)$$

$$F(s) = \frac{4}{s} - \frac{3s}{s^2 + (500)^2} = \frac{s^2 + 4 \times 500^2}{s [s^2 + 500^2]} =$$

$$= \frac{(s - j1000)(s + j1000)}{s(s + j500)(s - j500)}$$

- two complex conjugate zeros at  $\pm j1000$
- two complex conjugate poles at  $\pm j500$
- simple pole at  $s=0$



Example

Use one capacitor  $C$  and one resistor  $R$  to design a low-pass filter with a corner frequency of  $\omega_c = 1 \text{ kHz}$ . Specify values for  $R, C$  and plot Bode diagrams.

Example

The step response of a linear circuit is  $g(t) = 5[1 - e^{-200t}] \cdot u(t)$

Find the output waveform when the input is  $x(t) = [12e^{-200t}] \cdot u(t)$

Step response is for when input is  $u(t)$  and in the Laplace (s-domain) we have:

$$G(s) = H(s) \cdot \frac{1}{s} \quad (1)$$

But we know that:  $g(t) \leftrightarrow G(s) = \mathcal{L}\{5[1 - e^{-200t}] \cdot u(t)\}$

$$g(t) \leftrightarrow G(s) = \frac{5}{s} - \frac{5}{s+200} = \frac{1000}{s(s+200)} \quad (2)$$

$$(1) + (2) \Rightarrow H(s) \cdot \frac{1}{s} = \frac{1000}{s(s+200)}$$

$$\Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{1000}{s+200} \quad (3)$$

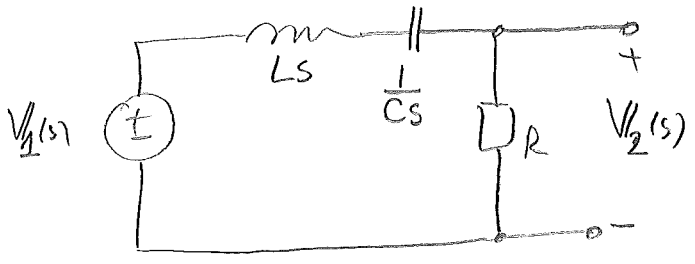
The output response when input is  $x(t)$  is:

$$Y(s) = H(s) \cdot X(s) = \frac{1000}{s+200} \cdot \frac{12}{s+200} = \frac{12000}{(s+200)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{12000}{(s+200)^2}\right\} = 12000 \cdot t \cdot e^{-200t} \cdot u(t)$$

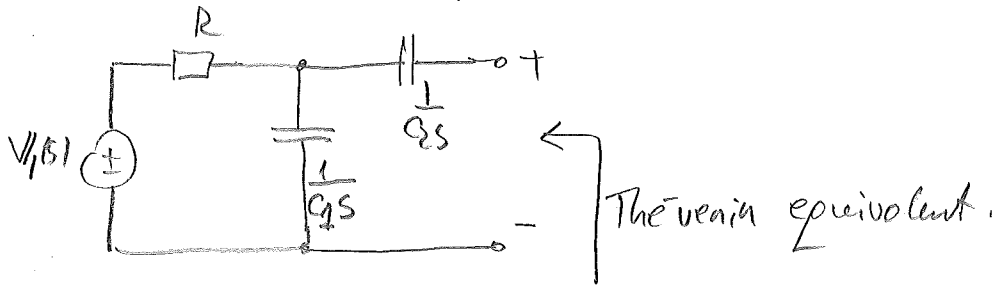
Example

Find the voltage transfer function  $H(s) = \frac{V_2(s)}{V_1(s)}$  and draw the zeros-poles constellation.



Example

Find the Thevenin equivalent.



Example

Find  $v(t)$ . Switch has been open for a long time and is closed at  $t=0$ . Use Laplace based techniques.

